Creating Accessible Page Structure with Titles, Headings, and Lists

Page titles

What to do

A page should have a short title that describes its topic and sufficiently distinguishes it from other pages.

Why it matters

Descriptive titles allow users to determine what page they are on.

Examples

Better page titles

- Center for Academic Excellence | Appalachian State University
- About | Center for Academic Excellence

Poor page titles

- Welcome to home page of Center for Academic Excellence
- Center for Academic Excellence | About Us

Headings

What to do

Sections should be identified with headings. Headings should be formatted with heading elements, as opposed to using font size or styles. Headings should not be used for formatting alone. Headings should be properly nested (i.e., don't jump from heading 1 to heading 3).

Why it matters

Headings allow assistive technologies to navigate page structure and more quickly find the content of interest, similar to the way a person without a visual disability scans the page to look for large, bold text.

Examples

- Easy Checks - Page title
- Provide informative, unique page titles
Better headings

Section 1 (formatted with Heading 1 markup)
Paragraph text.

Section level 2a (formatted with Heading 2 markup)
Paragraph text.

Section level 3a (formatted with Heading 3 markup)
Paragraph text.

Section level 3b (formatted with Heading 3 markup)
Paragraph text.

Section level 2b (formatted with Heading 2 markup)
Paragraph text.

Poor headings

Section level 1 (formatted with a bold font instead of Heading 1 markup)
Paragraph text.

Section level 3 (formatted with Heading 3 markup, level 1 and 2 skipped)
Paragraph text.

Paragraph text. (formatted with Heading 2 markup only to make text bigger)

- Easy Checks - Headings
- Use headings to convey meaning and structure

Lists

What to do
List content should be formatted as numbered or bulleted with list elements, as opposed to manually entering numbers or asterisks.

Why it matters
Assistive technologies can allow users to navigate from list to list or item to item.

Examples
Content references

What to do

Content should not only be referenced by shape, size, sound, or location.

Why it matters

Assistive technologies can be used to locate content that is specified by label, as opposed to content that is only referenced by its appearance or location.

Examples

Related Articles

- Accessibility
- Accessibility in AsULearn
- Accessibility Toolkit in AsULearn
- Brickfield Accessibility+ Toolkit
- Brickfield Accessibility+ Toolkit Block
- Brickfield Accessibility+ Toolkit Find Tools
- Brickfield Accessibility+ Toolkit Fix Link Text
- Brickfield Accessibility+ Toolkit Wizards
- Creating Accessible Forms
- Creating Accessible Links
- Creating Accessible Tables
- Making Audio and Video Media Accessible
- Making Files Accessible
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- Making Timed Content Accessible
- Using Color Accessibly
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